



2010 CENSUS: IT'S IN OUR HANDS

www.okcommerce.gov

June 2009

State-To-State Migration Patterns: Who's Moving To Oklahoma?

By going to <http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/state-to-state.html>, you can find a great deal of information from the Census Bureau on state-to-state migration patterns, much of it already available in Excel format. Oklahoma specific information will be increasingly made available at www.okcommerce.gov/migration

What kind of interesting things can you find out by following these links?



According to the 2005-2007 ACS, Oklahoma experienced a net population gain of 21,000 people moving from other states. State-to-state migration accounted for an estimated 119,000 people, and an estimated 98,000 people left Oklahoma for other states. In state-to-state comparisons, Oklahoma showed a net gain from all but 11 states, with interstate migration losses only to Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, North Carolina, Oregon, South Carolina, Virginia, and West Virginia. Oklahoma also experienced a net loss to the District of Columbia.

The 2005-2007 ACS indicates Oklahoma's largest net population gain came from California with 6,000 plus Californians moving to Oklahoma during the survey period. In terms of net migration gains, California was followed by New Mexico (over 1,450), Florida (over 1,250), Arizona (over 1,200), and Ohio (over 1,200). Oklahoma's

largest net population losses were to Alabama (over 850), Oregon (over 750), Kentucky (over 600), South Carolina (over 600), and North Carolina (over 450).

The 2005-2007 ACS also shows more than you might think about people coming to our great state. An estimated 93% of people moving to Oklahoma from other states held US citizenship. Most were white, with 73% describing themselves as white alone. Blacks or African Americans represented 9% of those moving to the state, while 4% were American Indian or Alaska Native alone. An estimated 13% of people moving to Oklahoma from other states were Hispanic.

Just under 5% of those moving into Oklahoma from other states were aged 65 or over, while over 50% were between the ages of 18 and 39. The median age for people moving into Oklahoma from other states was 26.4, the 16th youngest median age of state-to-state in-migration. An estimated 40% of those over the age of 15 were married, and another 40% had never been married.

Nearly 20% of people over the age of 15 moving into Oklahoma from another state indicated they had an annual income of \$35,000 or more. The median income was \$16,452. Both figures have been reported in 2007 inflation adjusted dollars. The 2005-2007 ACS results also indicated that over 75% of people moving into the state from other states lived at or above the poverty level. Slightly under 25% of those aged 25 and over had a bachelor's degree or higher.

2008 Population Estimates by Various Characteristics Now Available!

In mid-May, the Census Bureau released 2008 population characteristics data at the state and county level, accessible at <http://www.census.gov/popest/estimates.html>. The Oklahoma State Data Center has summarized much of that data, creating various files that detail characteristics like age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin. You can access those files by going to www.okcommerce.gov/ocdc and then choosing "Population Estimates" from the list of bullet points in the main part of the screen.

Listed inside the "Population Estimates" folder, are 18 files. Admittedly, this is a bit crowded, but the included file descriptions should help you find what you need. All but one file is in Excel format, and each has been formatted for quick use. Here are some highlights of the newly added files:

- **2008 United States and 50 States – Population Estimates by Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin** – Side by side comparison of 2008 population estimates for US, 50 states and District of Columbia by age group, race category, and median age.
- **2000-2008 US Population by Age, Race, Sex, and Hispanic Origin** – Includes components of change (birth, death, migration) by race and single year of age estimates by gender for nation as whole. Data included for each year, 2000 through 2008.
- **2000-2008 Oklahoma Population Estimates by Age, Race, Sex, and Hispanic Origin** – Includes estimates by age group or single year of age; gender; race category; and Hispanic origin for the state as a whole. Data included for each year from 2000 through 2008.
- **2000-2008 County Population Estimates by Sex** – Includes population estimates by gender for the US, Oklahoma, and all 77 counties. Data included for each year, 2000 through 2008.
- **2000-2008 County Population Estimates by Race and Hispanic Origin** – Includes estimates for US, Oklahoma and all 77 counties. Data included for each year, 2000 through 2008.
- **2000-2008 County Population Estimates by Age, Race, and Sex** – Includes estimates for US, Oklahoma and all 77 counties.
- **2000-2008 County Population Estimates by Age** – Includes estimates for US, Oklahoma, and all 77 counties. Also includes numeric and percentage growth rates. Data included for each year, 2000 through 2008.
- **2000-2008 County Growth Rates by Race and Hispanic Origin** – includes numeric and percentage growth by race category, and ranks all 77 Oklahoma counties by those growth figures.

What Questions Will Be Asked In The 2010 Census?

The 2010 Census will be short form only and is anticipated to take only 10 minutes for each household to complete. What questions will be included? Here they are in a nutshell:

There are four general questions about the household: whether the unit is owned or rented, how many people live in the unit, are additional people staying at the residence on April 1, 2010 but not being included in reported data, and what is a contact phone number should clarification of a response be necessary. Then, for each household member, the 2010 Census asks for a name, sex, age/date of birth, relationship to head of household, Hispanic origin, race, and whether the person sometimes lives or stays somewhere else. That's it!

You can find a complete detailing of the questions to be asked, the federal need for that particular question, and an explanation of some of the various community benefits stemming from that question by going to <http://tinyurl.com/p5n3rd>.

Census Bureau and Bureau of Labor Statistics Cooperate to Produce Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization for States

The US Bureau of Labor Statistics has been publishing alternative measures for labor underutilization for some time, but that information has only been available at the national level. Recently, the BLS began tabulating data at the state level. The BLS uses data from the Census Bureau's Current Population Survey to devise these alternative measures, and due to small sample sizes, they are unable to produce the results on a monthly basis. However, the annual figures are useful for comparing regional differences in the impact of the current economic recession.

The 6 alternative measures available can be understood by consulting the following definitions:

- U-1, persons unemployed 15 weeks or longer, as a percent of the civilian labor force;
- U-2, job losers and persons who completed temporary jobs, as a percent of the civilian labor force;
- U-3, total unemployed, as a percent of the civilian labor force (this is the definition used for the official unemployment rate);
- U-4, total unemployed plus discouraged workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus discouraged workers;
- U-5, total unemployed, plus discouraged workers, plus all other marginally attached workers, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers; and
- U-6, total unemployed, plus all marginally attached workers, plus total employed part time for economic reasons, as a percent of the civilian labor force plus all marginally attached workers.

How did Oklahoma and the surrounding states fare in these various measures? Below is a table that provides the detail.

Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization 2nd QTR 2008 Through 1st QTR 2009						
	U1	U2	U3	U4	U5	U6
Oklahoma	1.6	2.2	4.3	4.5	5.1	7.4
Arkansas	1.8	3.3	5.9	6.2	6.8	11.7
Colorado	1.9	3.1	5.5	5.6	6.2	10.4
Kansas	1.4	2.5	4.9	5.0	5.6	8.6
Missouri	2.6	4.0	6.9	7.1	7.6	11.5
New Mexico	1.2	2.0	5.0	5.3	5.9	10.2
Texas	1.5	2.7	5.3	5.6	6.2	10.1

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, www.bls.gov/lau/stalt.htm

If you would like to find out how other states performed, or if you would like to review annual averages that have now been calculated for the years 2005 through 2008, you can do so by going to the Alternative Measures of Labor Underutilization for States page of the Bureau of Labor Statistics website, found at <http://www.bls.gov/lau/stalt.htm>.

Clarifying Future Release Patterns For ACS Multi-Year Data

In 2005, the Census Bureau released American Community Survey data for all geographies with a population of 65,000 or more, and in the fall of 2008, the first 3-year estimates were released based on data from the 2005, 2006 and 2007 surveys. The 3-year estimates covered geographic areas with populations of 20,000 or more. But some people have not quite been clear on what the Census Bureau plans to do next. Below is a table that will help you avoid some of that confusion.

Data Product	Population Size of Area	Calendar Year 2006	Calendar Year 2007	Calendar Year 2008	Calendar Year 2009	Calendar Year 2010	Calendar Year 2011	Calendar Year 2012	Calendar Year 2013
1-Year Estimates for Data Collected in:	65,000+	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
3-Year Estimates for Data Collected in:	20,000+			2005-2007	2006-2008	2007-2009	2008-2010	2009-2011	2010-2012
5-Year Estimates for Data Collected in:	All Areas*					2005-2009	2006-2010	2007-2011	2008-2012

*Where releasing data does not violate Census Bureau disclosure rules, information will be provided to the Census Tract and Block Group level.

By 2010, the Census Bureau plans to provide the first 5-year estimates of demographic, housing, social and economic data for geographic areas down to the block group level. These 5-year estimates will then be updated annually by removing the earliest year and replacing it with the latest one. This will provide, for the first time, the ability to monitor social and economic trends in local communities.

Current Population Survey Reports 2007 Internet Usage by State

The Census Bureau recently released information from the 2007 Current Population Survey that outlined internet access reported by households across the country. Included in that release was a state level estimate of households with internet access. According to the survey results, an estimated 57.6% of Oklahomans had access to the internet from some location, ranking 43rd in the nation. The same report estimates that 67.1% of the nation's population lives in a household with internet access.



You can review the Census Bureau's various reports on Computer Use and Ownership by going to <http://www.census.gov/population/www/socdemo/computer.html> or you can go to the State Data Center's website for a summary of the 2007 CPS report on Computer and Internet use, found at http://www.okcommerce.gov/index.php?option=com_docman§ionid=7&Itemid=639&subcat=135.

Important Information about the American Community Survey for the American Indian and Alaska Native (AIAN) Population

The American Community Survey reflects the population that uses a community's resources and helps communities determine where to locate services and allocate those resources. For example, the ACS can help determine the best locations for health clinics and identify needs for job training. ACS data are used in the funding decisions by many federal programs designed to assist tribal governments. Many programs that previously used data from Census 2000 will begin to use data from the ACS.

The Census Bureau is asking for the help of tribal governments to encourage community members to respond to the ACS. The ACS is only sent to a relatively small number of people and their responses represent their entire community. Full participation by the people who receive the survey is vital to ensuring that tribal leaders get a complete picture of their communities.

The Census Bureau takes extraordinary measures to protect the confidentiality of all personal information. Federal law requires that all of the information collected in the ACS be kept confidential. The data are used for statistical purposes only. Individual responses are never released to anyone, including tribal governments and programs that assist AIAN communities.

Every Census Bureau employee has taken an oath to protect this information and is subject to a jail term, a fine, or both if they disclose ANY information that could identify an individual or household. This oath, and its penalties, is binding for life, even after an employee is no longer employed by the Census Bureau.



Federal Programs That Can Utilize American Community Survey Results

Indian Health Care Improvement Act (1976)	Veterans' Benefits Improvement Act (1994)	The Public Health Service Act (1946)
Native American Programs Act (1974)	Nutritional Education Program (1977)	State Children's Health Insurance Program (1997)
Workforce Investment Act (1998)	The Home Mortgage Disclosure Act (1975)	Civil Rights Act (1964)
Higher Education and Student Assistance Programs	National Affordable Housing, Subchapter 1	Federal Affirmative Employment Plans

The ACS provides data describing the characteristics of American Indians and Alaska Natives and their communities. The release of these data is dependent upon the size of the geographic area or population group. Larger areas and population groups receive estimates based on one year of data collection while the smallest areas and population groups will receive estimates based on five years of data.

Upcoming Events and Important Data Release Schedules

Here are links to more complete release schedules by Government Agency.

White House Schedule of Release Dates for Principal Federal Economic Indicators

http://www.whitehouse.gov/omb/assets/omb/inforeg/pei_calendar2009.pdf

Department of Agriculture

Foreign Agricultural Service www.pecad.fas.usda.gov
National Agricultural Statistics Service www.usda.gov/nass
World Agricultural Outlook Board www.usda.gov/oce/waob/index.htm

Department of Commerce

Bureau of the Census www.census.gov/epcd/econ/www/indijun.htm
Bureau of Economic Analysis www.bea.gov/beatrels.htm

Department of Energy

Energy Information Administration www.eia.doe.gov

Department of Labor

Bureau of Labor Statistics www.bls.gov/bls/newsrels.htm

Federal Reserve Board

www.federalreserve.gov/releases

June

US Census Bureau

www.census.gov

- April 2009 Construction Put In Place (June 1st)
- April 2009 Manufacturers Shipments, Inventories, and Orders (June 3rd)
- April 2009 Wholesale Trade (June 9th)
- April 2009 International Trade in Goods and Services (June 10th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 Quarterly Services (June 10th)
- April 2009 Manufacturing and Trade: Inventories and Sales (June 11th)
- May 2009 Advance Sales for Retail and Food Services (June 11th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 Quarterly Financial Report Manufacturing, Mining and Wholesale Trade (June 15th)
- May 2009 New Residential Construction (June 16th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 Quarterly Financial Report Retail Trade (June 22nd)
- May 2009 New Residential Sales (June 24th)
- May 2009 Advance Report on Durable Goods-Manufacturers Shipments, Inventories and Orders (June 24th)
- 2007 Nonemployer Statistics (June 25th)
- Population Dynamics of the Great Plains: 1950 to 2007 (Tentatively scheduled for late June)

Bureau of Economic Analysis

www.bea.gov

- April 2009 Personal Income and Outlays (June 1st)
- Advance 2008 and revised 2005-2007 Gross Domestic Product by State (June 2nd)
- 2008 Foreign Investors' Spending (June 4th)
- April 2009 U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services (June 10th)
- 2008 Annual Revision U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services (June 10th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts (June 16th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 US International Transactions (June 17th)
- 1st Quarter 2008-1st Quarter 2009 State Quarterly Personal Income (June 18th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 (final) Gross Domestic Product (June 25th)
- 1st Quarter 2009 Corporate Profits (June 25th)
- May 2009 Personal Income and Outlays (June 26th)
- 2008 US International Investment Position (June 26th)

June (Continued)

Bureau of Labor Statistics

www.bls.gov

- April 2009 Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment (June 3rd)
- First Quarter 2009 Productivity and Costs Revised (June 4th)
- May 2009 Employment Situation (June 5th)
- April 2009 Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (June 9th)
- May 2009 US Import and Export Price Indexes (June 12th)
- May 2009 Producer Price Index (June 16th)
- May 2009 Consumer Price Index (June 17th)
- May 2009 Real Earnings (June 17th)
- May 2009 Regional and State Employment and Unemployment (June 19th)
- May 2009 Mass Layoffs (June 23rd)
- May 2009 Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment (June 30th)

July

US Census Bureau

www.census.gov

- May 2009 Construction Put In Place (July 1st)
- May 2009 Manufacturers Shipments, Inventories, and Orders (July 2nd)
- May 2009 Wholesale Trade (July 9th)
- May 2009 International Trade in Goods and Services (July 10th)
- May 2009 Manufacturing and Trade: Inventories and Sales (July 14th)
- June 2009 Advance Sales for Retail and Food Services (July 14th)
- June 2009 New Residential Construction (July 17th)
- 2nd Quarter 2009 Housing Vacancies (July 24th)
- June 2009 New Residential Sales (July 27th)
- June 2009 Advance Report on Durable Goods-Manufacturers Shipments, Inventories and Orders (July 29th)
- 2007 County Business Patterns (Undetermined)
- 2007 Nonemployer Statistics, US & States (Undetermined)
- June 2009 Building Permits, State and Local Estimates (Undetermined)
- 2008 Place and County Subdivision Population Estimates (Undetermined)

Bureau of Economic Analysis

www.bea.gov

- May 2009 U.S. International Trade in Goods and Services (July 10th)
- 2nd Quarter 2009 (advance) Gross Domestic Product (July 31st)

Bureau of Labor Statistics

www.bls.gov

- June 2009 Employment Situation (July 2nd)
- May 2009 Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (July 7th)
- June 2009 US Import and Export Price Indexes (July 10th)
- June 2009 Producer Price Index (July 14th)
- June 2009 Consumer Price Index (July 15th)
- June 2009 Real Earnings (July 15th)
- June 2009 Regional and State Employment and Unemployment (July 17th)
- June 2009 Mass Layoffs (July 23rd)
- June 2009 Metropolitan Area Employment and Unemployment (July 29th)
- 2nd Quarter 2009 Employment Cost Index (July 31st)

Various Census Contacts

Oklahoma Census Partnership Specialists				
Name	Local Census Office	Office Phone	Census Cell Phone	E-mail Address
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Tucker-Sims, Tina	Tulsa		918-289-8531	ttuckersims.2010@gmail.com
Yellowman, Connie	Oklahoma City		405-921-1112	cyellowman2010@gmail.com
Oklahoma Local Census Offices				
Location	Address	City State Zip		Phone
Tulsa	1411 N 105th E Ave	Tulsa, OK 74116		918-877-3440
Oklahoma City	200 NW 66th St	Oklahoma City, OK 73116		405-254-9140
Census Job Opportunities				
Web Address				Toll-Free Phone
http://2010.census.gov/2010censusjobs/index.php				1-866-861-2010
Census Data or Training Information				
Name	Phone	State Agency		E-mail Address
Steve Beleu	1-800-522-8116 or 405-522-3327	Oklahoma Department of Libraries		sbeleu@oltn.odl.state.ok.us
Oklahoma Data Center Information				
Name	Phone	State Agency		E-mail Address
Steve Barker	1-800-879-6552 or 405-815-5182	Oklahoma Department of Commerce		steven_barker@okcommerce.gov